2020 INTERIM RESULTS



LI NING COMPANY LIMITED 李寧有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (Stock Code:2331)

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Results Highlights



2020H1 Financial Highlights

Financial Highlights :

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- On a comparative basis, the net profit* attributable to equity holders increased by 22% to RMB683 million, and the net profit margin raised from 9.0% to 11.1%;
 - Including the one-off profit and loss not related to operation for the corresponding period last year, reported net profit attributable to equity holders decreased by approximately 14% and the net profit margin dropped from 12.7% to 11.1%;
- Notwithstanding the impact of the COVID-19 leading to a very challenging retail environment:
 - Revenue decreased slightly by approximately 1% to RMB6,181 million
 - > Gross profit margin decreased by 0.2 percentage point
 - > Continued enhanced operating leverage driving operating margin to 14.5%, up over 300 basis points
 - > Achieve positive operating cash flow of RMB479 million
 - > Continued improvement in working capital:
 - Gross average working capital improved (reduced) by 7% while revenue decreased by approximately 1%
 - Cash conversion cycle further improved (shortened) by 2 days (2019H1: 32 days/2020H1: 30 days)

*Exclude one-off profit and loss not related to operation of RMB234m in 2019H1.



2020H1 Operational Highlights

Operational Highlights:

- Amid the COVID-19 impact, operation performance negatively influenced
- The retail sell-through for the overall platform recorded low-teens decrease, including online and offline channels
- Channel inventory recorded low-teens increase
- Offline channel new product sell-through down mid-teens driven by sales volume decline:
 - Average selling price (ASP) registered a low-single-digit increase notwithstanding a very promotional retail environment
 - Sell-out rate: 6-month declined over 6 percentage points

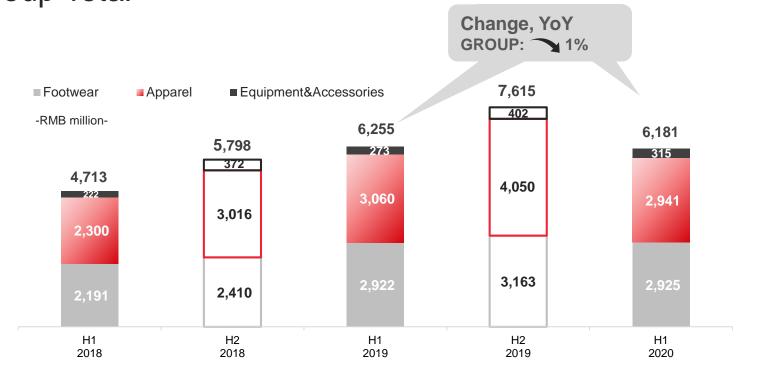
3-month declined approximately 5 percentage points



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Financial Review

Revenue Group Total



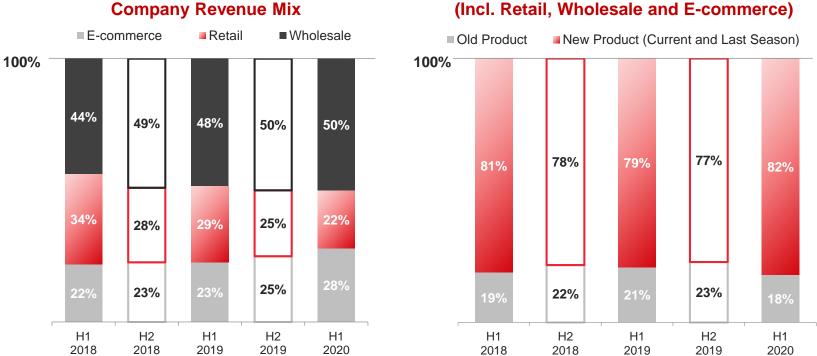
COVID-19 impacted revenues growth momentum



Revenue and Sell-through Mix

LN Brand, excl. International Markets and LN YOUNG

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Sell-Through Mix (Incl. Retail, Wholesale and E-commerce)

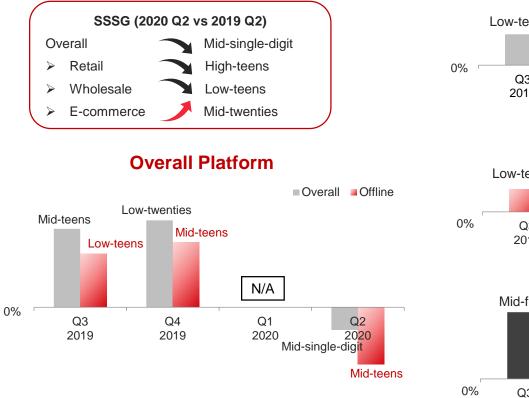
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Revenue and sell-through balance between DTC and wholesale helped mitigate financial risk

Same Store Sales Growth (SSSG) Rate

LN Brand

Retail



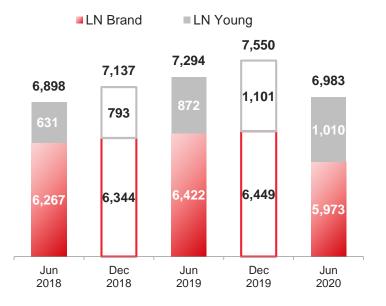


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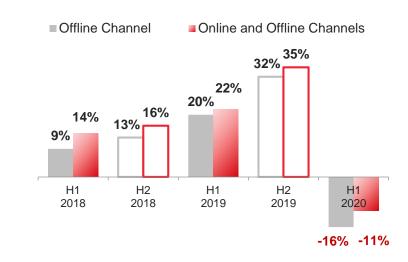
Online and Offline Expansion

LN Brand, excl. International Market Sales

POS number (Period end)



Sell-through growth, YoY % Excl. LN YOUNG

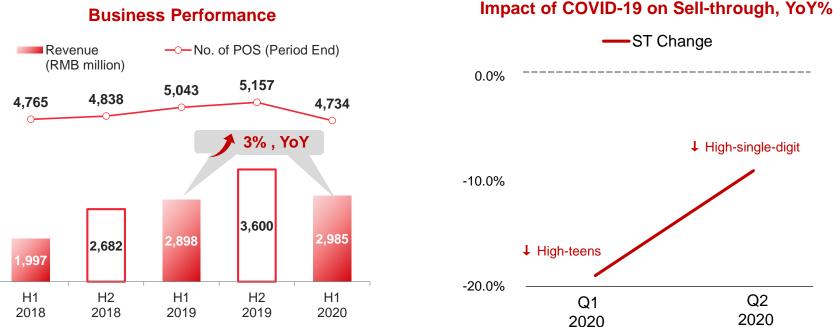


COVID-19 impacted store opening/closing rhythm and negatively impacted sell-through momentum



Wholesale Business[^]

LN Brand, excl. International Market Sales and LN YOUNG



Business Performance

Sell-in preceded sell-through trend to capitalize on recovery

^ Including product sales of badminton and football categories from specialty-stores.

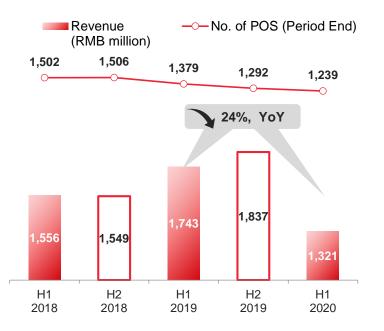
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Retail Business^

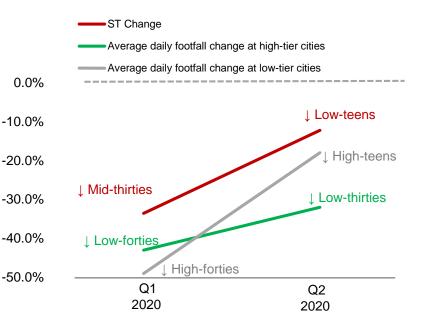
LN Brand

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Business Performance



Impact of COVID-19 on Sell-through and Average Daily Footfall[#], YoY %



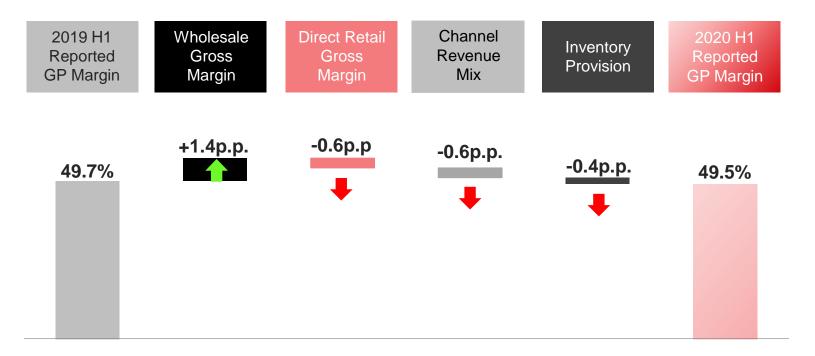
Direct retail more severely impacted due to much higher mix of store base in metro and high-tier cities

^ Refers to direct retail operation , excluded LN YOUNG stores
 # Daily footfall data is based on our store traffic tracker where available



GP Margin Analysis

Net Change in Major Items



Increase in IMU (initial mark up) helped mitigate gross margin erosion

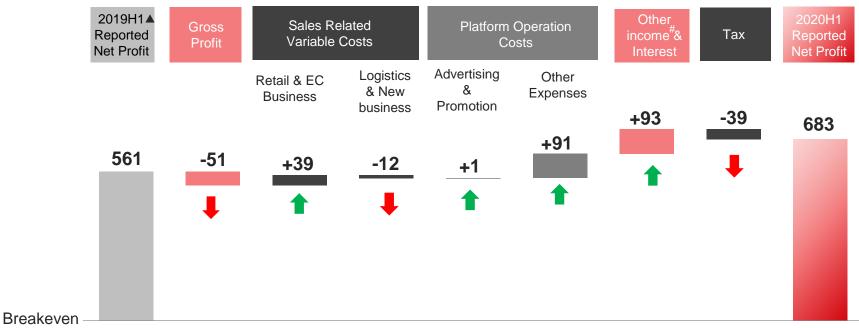


Profitability Analysis

Net Change of Major P&L Items

(RMB Million)

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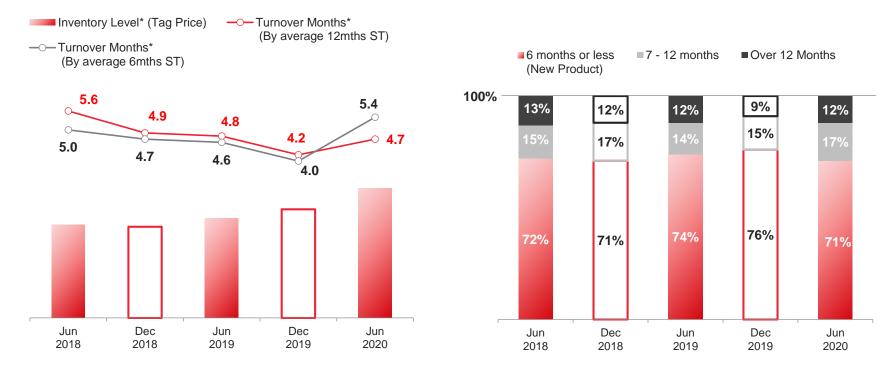
Scalable cost structure enabled improve operating leverage notwithstanding revenues decline

Other income includes (i) other income and other gains (net), (ii) share profit from associate
 A Exclude one-off profit and loss not related to operation of RMB234m in 2019H1



Channel Inventory

Incl. Online and Offline



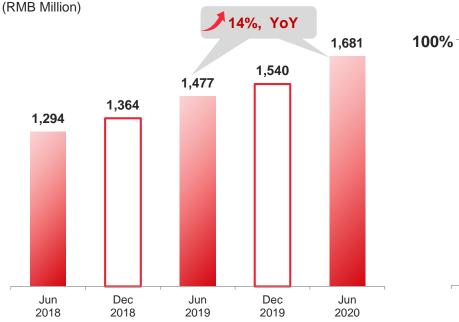
 COVID-19 negatively impacted channel inventory turnover

 *Store + Warehouse Inventory
 efficiency and structure

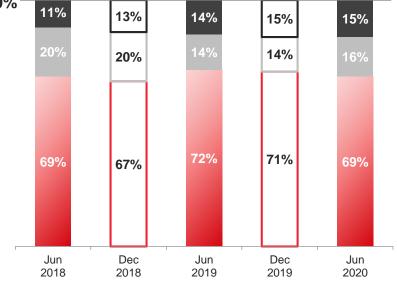


Company Inventory

At cost, before provision





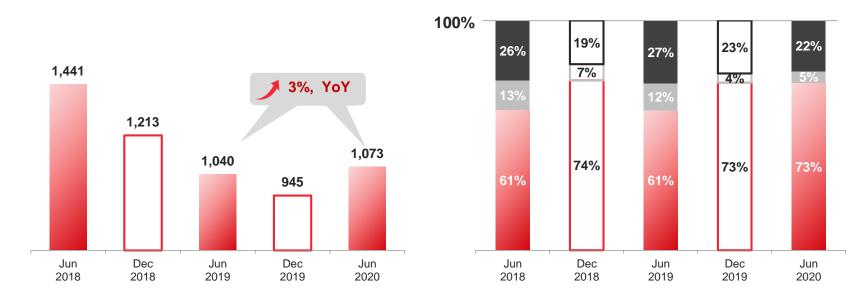


Short-term challenged in company inventory



Trade Receivables

At gross amount, before provision (RMB Million)



Below 90 days

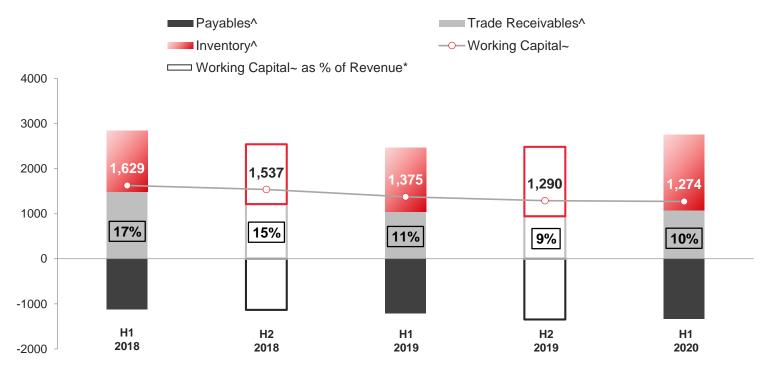
■91 - 180 days

■ over 180 days

Trade receivables in reasonable healthy state



Working Capital Efficiency



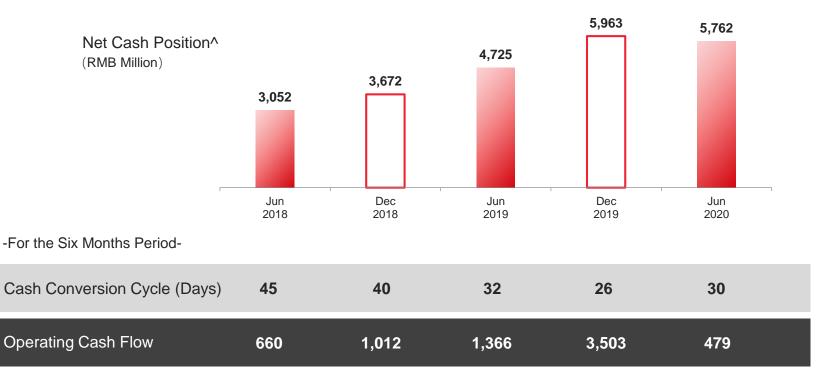
Healthy working capital efficiency well-geared to capitalize on full recovery

~Simple average between period opening and ending ^ Gross Amounts of inventory, trade receivables and payables, without netting off provisions * Annualized revenue

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Balance Sheet Summary and Cash Position



^Net Cash = Cash and Cash Equivalents (including restricted bank deposits & financial assets at fair value) - Borrowings



Channel and Retail Capability: Strengthen the Retail Operation "Closed Loop"



 Cash conversion cycle: decreased (improved) by 2 days





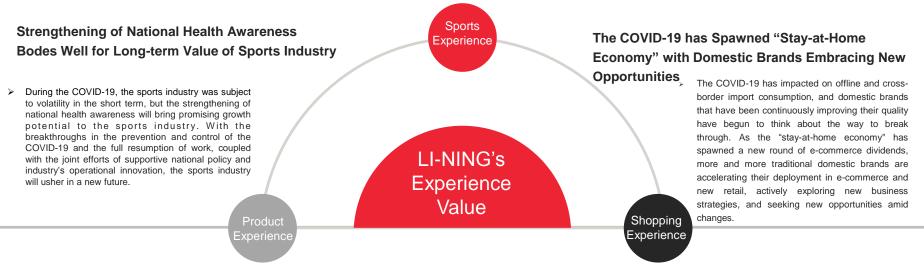


Strategic Direction

Seize Industry and Market Trends to Consolidate LI-NING's Experience Value

National Policies Promulgated to Promote the Continuous Recovery of Sports Industry

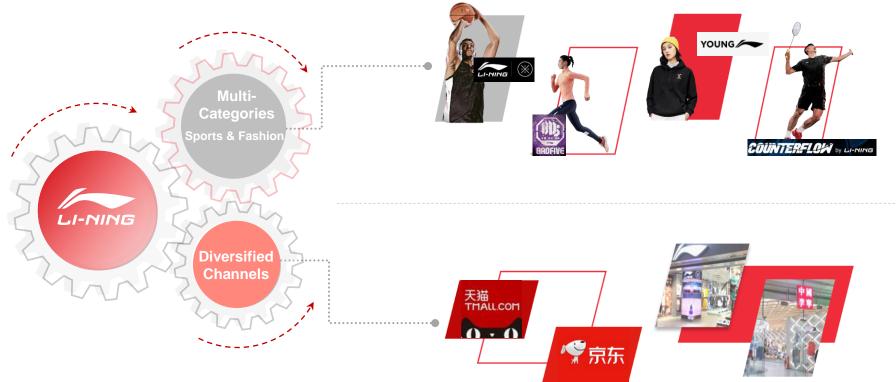
In order to cope with the impact of the COVID-19 on the sports industry and promote the rebound in sports consumption and unleash the potential, the General Administration of Sport of China issued "The Implementation Plan of the Pilot Work for Promoting Sports Consumption", by identifying a number of pilot cities to promote innovation in sports consumption mechanism, policy innovation, model innovation, product innovation, and promote the sustainable growth of sports consumption.



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Adhere to the Strategy of "Single Brand, Multicategories, Diversified Channels"





Core Categories Enhance Brand Resilience

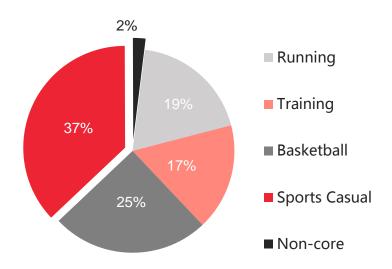
Retail Sell-through – YoY Change (2020H1)

Image: Second systemImage: Second system<td

Sell-in – YoY Change (2020H1)



Retail Sell-through – Mix





*Sales of badminton and football products are shown with sell-in data for reference as they are mainly distributed via specialty-stores

Basketball – Focus on Functional Technology, Leading the Basketball Culture



Enhance On-Court Performance

Diversified marketing / Shine WADE serieson the Court Signed NBA player



Professional basketball-CBA fan version game uniform

BADFIVE -Limited edition under City series: Changsha City

Russell





Discover Culture/ Lead the Street Basketball

Combine trend elements with Chinese culture Innovative interpretation of street basketball



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Running – Strengthen Professional Running Shoes, Enhance Product Matrix



Upgrade product competitiveness with professional technology

Top technological R&D to enhance professional functionality and product experience





Solidify position in mass market Reach Young Consumers

Multi-product lines create diversified lifestyles



Classic Continuity — Super Light 17th

Rising Star —— Arashi

2020 Paris Fashion Week product —— KUA FU



Training – Technological Innovation-Driven, Refined Training Scenarios

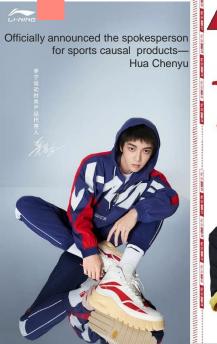




Sports Casual – Leverage on Sports DNA to Grasp Fashion Trends

Diversified Product Themes, Follow Major Events and Hot Topics

Entertainment Marketing, Collaboration with Artists, Further Build Up Fan Economy







Broaden International Perspective , Par<mark>ticip</mark>ate in Global Fashion Stage



Pay Attention to Market Segment, Develop Female Business



Brand Marketing – Strengthen the Layout of Professional Resources





Brand Marketing – Crossover



DISNEY Add some "worldly-wise" flavor to the cute Mickey Mouse

Dunhuang Museum Explore the beauty of Dunhuang

Traditional festival: Dragon Boat Festival Launch "Wave BOOT-Duanwu" edition Incorporate traditions of the Dragon Boat Festival





QQ Dance Create "New Retro-Futurism"



Brand Marketing – Fashion Week: To Be Continued



Digital Paris Men's Fashion Week | Game Starts, Click to Join

On the 30th anniversary of the brand's founding, the short film "Game Starts", which spans the past and the future, was released at the 2021 Spring/Summer "Digital Paris Men's Fashion Week", bringing together important historical moments of the brand, at the same time offering a glimpse of China Li-Ning Spring/Summer 2021 series .



Gymnast Li Ning Barcelona Olympics / 1984



To be continued

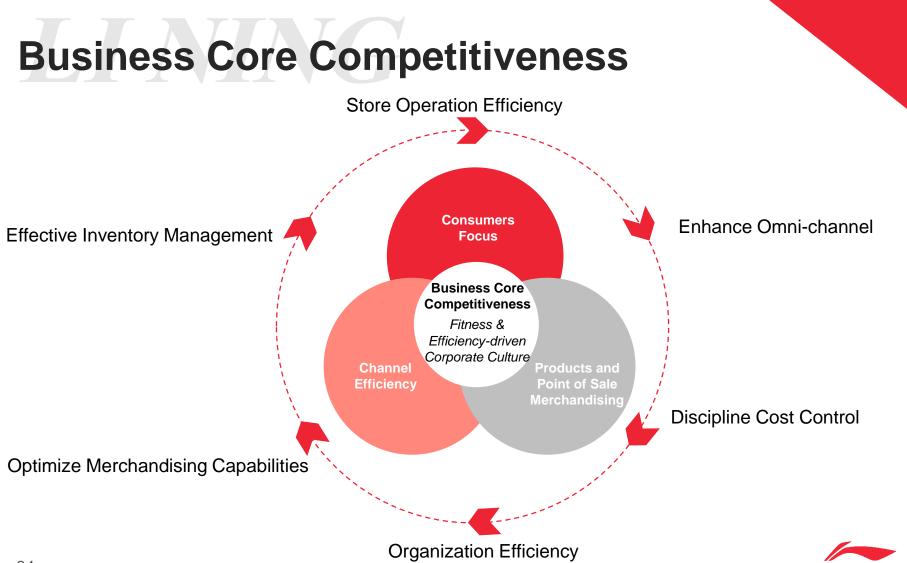




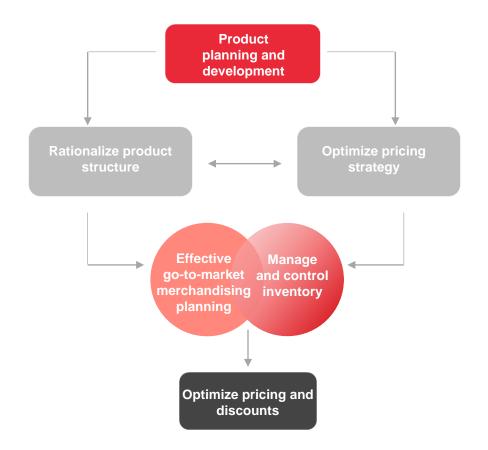
Operational Progress

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Product Strategy Initiatives

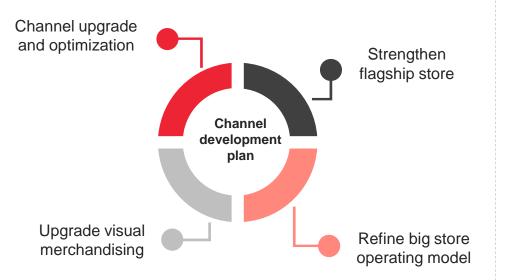


To improve the efficiency of product operation as the goal:

- Integrate product functions
- Adjust product architecture
 - Integrate product architecture in terms of the "depth and width" of products
 - Plan and trim the number of fabric types, patterns and colors



Channel Expansion Strategy Initiatives



Channel layout based on the profitability and efficiency of single store:

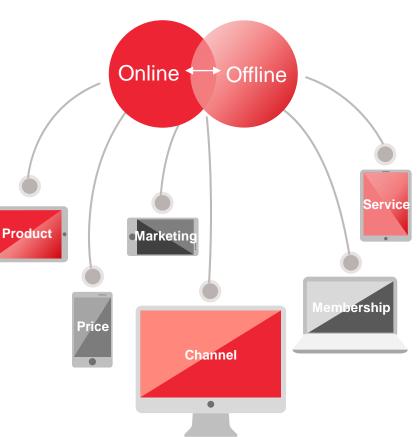
- Ensure the unity and continuity of channel management
- Wholesale and direct-retail business are planned separately for multi-tier markets
- Store image upgrade
- Persist in the establishment of big store with high efficiency



Omni-channel Strategy Initiatives

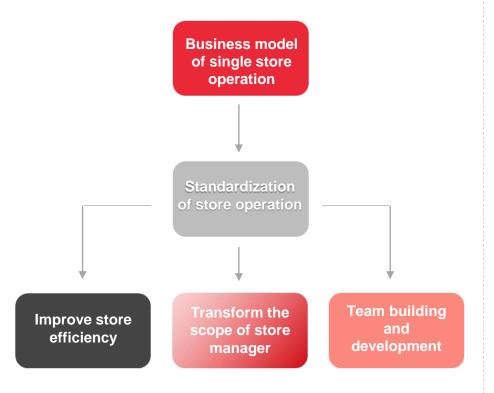
Continue to develop e-commerce channel to integrate online and offline:

- Unify e-commerce business system
- Improve resource sharing efficiency





Store Operation Strategy Initiatives



Establish single store operating model with high efficiency and high productivity :

- Adjust operational architecture of sales system
 - Separation of wholesale and direct retail business
 - Establish a headquarter platform to link various functional departments
- Focus on store operation indicators



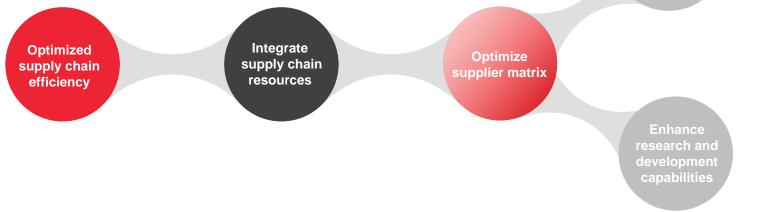
Supply Chain Strategy Initiatives

Achieving the transition from passive to proactive

production:

- Integrate architecture of supply chain system
- Build a strong supplier matrix
- Newly established footwear and apparel R&D innovation center to focus

on product research and development





planning and



Open Forum



Appendix 1 — Summary of Income Statement and Balance Sheet

(RMB million)	2020	2019	Better/		(RMB million)	30 June	31 Dec	Better/
	Period ended 30 June		(Worse)		(, ,,,	2020	2019	(Worse)
Revenue	6,181	6,255	(1.2%)		Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,561	5,961	(6.7%)
Gross Profit	3,057	3,108	(1.6%)		Borrowings	0	0	N/A
Distribution costs	-1,949	-2,023	3.7%					
Administrative expenses	-346	-451	23.2%		Net Cash*	5,762	5,96 3	(3.4%)
Other income and other gains - net	161	44	262.3%		Current Liabilities	4,413	4,717	6.4%
Operating Profit	898	678	32.4%					
EBITDA	1,408	1,353	4.1%		Current Ratio (times)	1.9	1.8	0.1
Profit Attributable to Equity Holders	683	795	(14.1%)		Total Liabilities to	40%	43%	3.0p.p.
Basic Earnings per share (RMB cents)	27.98	32.88	(14.9%)		Total Assets Ratio			

-41- *Net cash = Cash and Cash Equivalents (including restricted bank deposits & financial assets at fair value) – Borrowings



Appendix 2 — Profit Margins and Key Operating Indicators

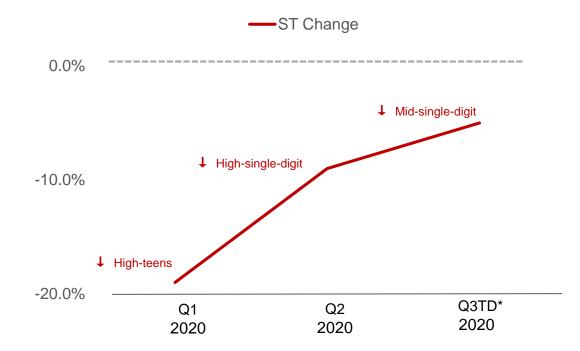
	2020	2019	Better/		2020	2019	Better/
	Period ended 30 June		(Worse)		Period ended 30 June		(Worse)
Gross Profit Margin	49.5%	49.7%	(0.2p.p.)	Inventory Turnover (Days)	84	74	(10)
Operating Profit Margin	14.5%	10.8%	3.7p.p.	Trade Receivables Turnover (Days)	22	24	2
EBITDA Margin	22.8%	21.6%	1.2p.p.	Trade Payables Turnover (Days)	76	66	10
Margin of Profit Attributable to Equity Holders	11.1%	12.7%	(1.6p.p.)	Cash Conversion Cycle (Days)	30	32	2
R&D Expenses (as % of revenue)	2.2%	2.1%	(0.1p.p.)	Return on Equity (ROE)	9.3%	13.0%	(3.7%)
A&P Expenses (as % of revenue)	9.0%	8.9%	(0.1p.p.)	Return on Asset (ROA)	5.4%	8.1%	(2.7%)
Staff Costs (as % of revenue)	10.1%	11.6%	1.5p.p.	CAPEX (RMB million)	222	236	5.9%



Appendix 3 — Wholesale Business^

LN Brand, excl. International market sales and LN YOUNG

Impact of COVID-19 on Sell-through, YoY%



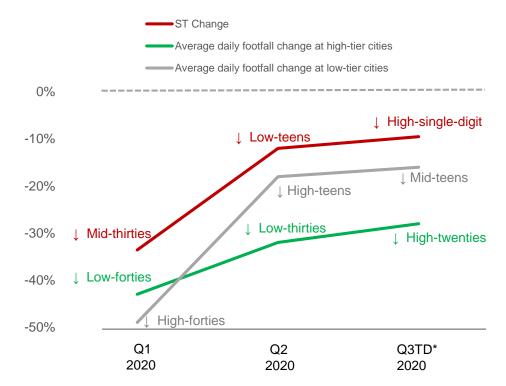
^ Including product sales of badminton and football categories from specialty-stores.

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-43- * As of Aug 9th, 2020

Appendix 4 — Retail Business[^]

Impact of COVID-19 on Sell-through and Average Daily Footfall, YoY %



^ Refers to direct retail operation , excluded LN YOUNG stores

-44 # Daily footfall data is based on our store traffic tracker where available
 * As of Aug 9th, 2020

